

Answer the questions below then check your answers

1: What is the oxidation state of hydrogen in most compounds?

2: In the compound KClO₄, what is the oxidation state of chlorine?

3: What is the oxidation state of sulfur in H_2SO_4 ?

4: What is the oxidation state of oxygen in peroxides like H₂O₂?

5: In Fe_2O_3 , what is the oxidation state of iron?



6: What is the oxidation state of carbon in methane CH_4 ?

7: Define oxidation state and provide an example.

8: Calculate the oxidation state of phosphorus in PO_4^{3-}

9: Determine the oxidation state of chromium in $K_2Cr_2O_7$

10: In the reaction shown below:

 $Fe^{2+} + MnO_4^- \rightarrow Fe^{3+} + Mn^{2+}$

a. Explain the changes in oxidation states and identify the oxidising and reducing agents.

11: Assign oxidation states to all elements in NH4NO3

12: Explain with examples how the oxidation state of a transition metal can change as it goes through a series of chemical reactions.

13: What is the oxidation state of chlorine in Cl_2 ?

A) O B) -1 C) +1 D) +5

14: In which of the following species is the oxidation state of nitrogen +4?

A) NH_3 B) N_2O C) NO_2 D) NO_3^-

15: Fill in the Gaps to complete the sentences below:

a: In the compound H_2S , the oxidation state of sulfur is _____.

b: The oxidation state of carbon in CO₂ is _____.

c: The species that gets oxidised in a redox reaction ______ electrons.

<u>Answers</u>

1: What is the oxidation state of hydrogen in most compounds?

Answer: +1

2: In the compound $KCIO_4$, what is the oxidation state of chlorine?

Answer: +7

3: What is the oxidation state of sulfur in H_2SO_4 ?

Answer: +6

4: What is the oxidation state of oxygen in peroxides like H_2O_2 ?

Answer: -1

5: In Fe_2O_3 , what is the oxidation state of iron?

Answer: +3

6: What is the oxidation state of carbon in methane CH_4 ?

Answer: -4

7: Define oxidation state and provide an example.

Answer: The oxidation state (or oxidation number) is the charge that an atom would have if all bonds were ionic and electrons were transferred completely. For example, in NaCl, sodium has an oxidation state of +1 and chlorine has an oxidation state of -1.

8: Calculate the oxidation state of phosphorus in PO_4^{3-}

Answer: The oxidation state of phosphorus in PO_4^{3-} is +5. www.science-revision.co.uk 9: Determine the oxidation state of chromium in $K_2Cr_2O_7$

Answer: The oxidation state of chromium in $K_2Cr_2O_7$ is +6.

10: In the reaction shown below:

 $Fe^{2+} + MnO_4^- \rightarrow Fe^{3+} + Mn^{2+}$

a. Explain the changes in oxidation states and identify the oxidising and reducing agents.

Answer:

The oxidation state of Fe increases from +2 to +3, so Fe is oxidised.

The oxidation state of Mn decreases from +7 in MnO_4^- to +2 in $Mn2_+$, so Mn is reduced.

The oxidising agent is MnO_4^- because it causes the oxidation of Fe.

The reducing agent is Fe^{2+} because it reduces MnO_4^{--} .

11: Assign oxidation states to all elements in NH4NO3

Answer:

Nitrogen in NH_{4^+} is -3. Each hydrogen atom is +1 and the NH_{4^+} has a charge of +1, so the nitrogen must be -3.

Nitrogen in NO_3^- (N in $NO3^-$ has an oxidation number of +5).

Hydrogen: +1

Oxygen: -2, so three oxygens will be = -6, NO_3^- has a charge of -1, so the nitrogen must be +5.

So the oxidation states are:

N in NH_{4^+} : -3

 $N \text{ in } NO_3^-: +5$

H: +1

O: -2

12: Explain with examples how the oxidation state of a transition metal can change as it goes through a series of chemical reactions.

Answer:

Transition metals can exhibit multiple oxidation states due to the availability of delectrons for bonding. For example:

Iron (Fe): In Fe2O3 (iron(III) oxide), Fe has an oxidation state of +3. If iron(III) oxide is reduced with carbon monoxide, it can form FeO (iron(II) oxide), where Fe has an oxidation state of +2.

Manganese (Mn): In the reaction where the MnO_4^- (permanganate ion) is reduced to Mn^{2+} , manganese goes from an oxidation state of +7 in MnO_4^- to +2 in Mn^{2+} .

These changes demonstrate how transition metals can participate in redox reactions, often serving as catalysts due to their ability to easily change oxidation states.

13: What is the oxidation state of chlorine in Cl_2 ?

A) O B) -1 C) +1 D) +5

Answer: A) O, oxidation states of elements are O.

14: In which of the following species is the oxidation state of nitrogen +4?

A) NH_3 B) N_2O C) NO_2 D) NO_3^-

Answer: C) NO2

15: Fill in the Gaps to complete the sentences below:

a: In the compound H_2S , the oxidation state of sulfur is _____.

Answer: -2

b: The oxidation state of carbon in CO₂ is _____.

Answer: +4

c: The species that gets oxidised in a redox reaction ______ electrons.

Answer: loses